

Molecular Dynamics Simulations SS 2007

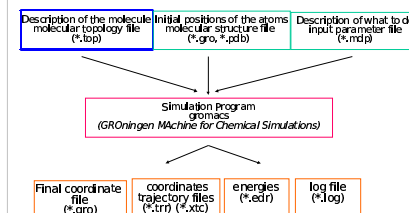
Alessandra Villa
Computer Lab

How to find me:

Alessandra Villa (Room NU140/229)
www.theochem.uni-frankfurt.de/~villa
villa@theochem.uni-frankfurt.de

Molecular Topology File

Running a simulation



Molecular Topology File

What does it contain?

- list of all atoms and residues including names
- a complete description of all interactions in system
- lists of all bonds, bond angles, dihedral angles etc.
- partial charges of all atoms
- Lennard-Jones parameters for all atoms
- special interactions (exclusions, 1-4 interactions, constraints)

How is it generated?

- by hand
- or
- automatically from an amino acid sequence and predefined building blocks

```

#include "ff03a1.itp"
Example of topology file (*.top)
[moleculetype]
; Name      nresid
Protein      3

[atoms]
; nr      type  resnr residue atom  cgnr  charge  mass      typeB  chargeB  massB
; -----
1  H       1  DYSH  H1         1      0.128  1.0007    :
2  H       2  DYSH  H2         2      0.268  1.008    :
3  CH1     3  DYSH  CA         3      0.448  12.018   :
; -----

[bonds]
; ai      aj      afuncl  c0      c1      c2      c3
; -----
1  1  2  2      0.1000  1.8700e+07

[angles]
; ai      aj      ak      afuncl  c0      c1      c2      c3
; -----
2  1  3  2      108.50  380.00

[dihedrals]
; ai      aj      ak      al      afuncl  c0      c1      c2      c3      c4      c5
; -----
2  1  5  14  1      0.000  3.77

#include "spc.itp"
[molecule]
; Compound 1 #mols
Protein      1
SOL          78
  
```

MD Unit in GROMACS

Quantity Symbol Unit length

distance	r	nm
mass	m	u (atomic mass unit)
time	t	ps
charge	q	e = electronic charge
temperature	T	K
energy	E, V	kJ/mol
Force	F	kJ/mol*nm
pressure	p	kJ/mol*nm ³ = 16.6054 Bar
velocity	v	nm/ps
dipole moment	μ	e*nm

Bond stretching

*In topology file:
function number = 1*

-Harmonic potential:
 $V(\text{bond}) = 1/2 K_b (b - b_0)^2$
-Most commonly used

Other bond potential: Morse potential
In topology file: function number = 3

Angle bending

*In topology file:
function number = 1*

-Harmonic potential:
 $V(\text{angle}) = 1/2 K_\theta (\theta - \theta_0)^2$

Other angle potential: Cosine based potential
In topology file: function number = 2

Torsion terms

*In topology file:
function number = 1
order = n; K_\phi; \delta*

Cosine expansion:
 $V(\text{torsion}) = K_\phi [1 + \cos(n\phi + \delta)]$

**Other dihedral potential:
Ryckaert-Bellemans potential**
In topology file: function number = 3

Non-Bonded Interactions

*In force field file:
combination rule
function number = 1*

Lennard-Jones (6-12) potential
 $V_{\text{nb}} = \frac{A}{r^{12}} - \frac{B}{r^6}$
 or
 $V_{\text{nb}} = 4\epsilon \left[\frac{\sigma^{12}}{r^{12}} - \frac{\sigma^6}{r^6} \right]$

*In force field file:
combination rule
function number = 3*

Non-Bonded Interactions

Coulomb Interactions
 $V = \frac{z_i z_j}{4\pi \epsilon_0 r_{ij}^2}$

partial charge (z) distributions

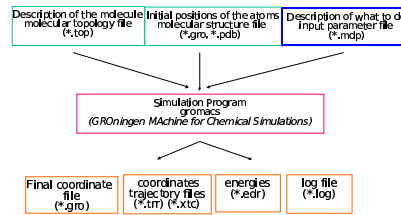
Understand a topology file: part 1

- Take (copy) the file butane.pdb and example.top from /wdcourse directory
- Visualize the file butane.pdb (using vmd or rasmol)
- Look at the topology file example.top
- Understand which analytical function and which parameter are used.
- Check the topology file: there are missing interactions, type error, etc for a total of 10 errors.
- Write a topology using an united-atom force field for the molecule in mol1.pdb

Understand a topology file: part 2

- Take (copy) the file butane_uni.pdb from Mdcourse directory
- Visualize the file butane_uni.pdb (using vmd or rasmol)
- Choose the best dihedral function and parameter for the C-C-C-C torsion potential given in file cccc.agr
 - use the command "xmgrace cccc.agr" to visualize the file
 - fit the function by hand/by using the function "non linear curve fitting" under Data->transformation
 - in the formula window type (for example): "Y= a0*(1+cos(a1*x*180/pi))"; set the parameters value "2"; apply;
 - Look the values on the parameters in the new window and in the graph the plot of your functions.
- Write a topology using an united-atom force field for the molecule in butane_uni.pdb using the torsional potential you have found.

Running a simulation



Input Parameter File

What does it contain?

- Title (description of the run).
- parameters describing what run is to be performed.
 - MD or EM
 - temperature
 - nature of box
 - time step
 - length of run
 - how often to write out the results etc.

How is it generated?

by hand from a template file

Parameter files: em.mdp

```

; LINES STARTING WITH ; ARE COMMENTS
title = Minimization of Hen Egg White Lysozyme ;Title of run
; The following lines tell the program standard locations where to find
; certain files
cpo = /lib/cpo ;Preprocessor
include = -i./top ;Directories to include in
; the topology format
; Parameters describing what to do, when to stop and what to save.
integrator = steep ;Algorithm (steep = steepest decent minimization)
emtol = 1.0 ;Stop minimization when the maximum force = 1.0 kJ/mol
nstxout = 200 ;Maximum number of (minimization) steps to perform
nstenergy = 10 ;Write energies to disk every nstenergy steps
nstxout = 10 ;Write coordinates to disk every nstxout steps
xtc-grps = Protein ;Which coordinate group(s) to write to disk
energygrps = Protein ;Which energy group(s) to write to disk
; Parameters describing how to find the neighbors of each atom and how to
; calculate the interactions.
nstlist = 5 ;Frequency to update the neighbor list and long range forces.
ns_type = simple ;Method to determine neighbor list (simple, grid).
rlist = 1.5 ;Cutoff for making neighbor list (short range forces).
coulombtype = out-of ;Treatment of long range electrostatic interactions
rcoulomb = 1.0 ;Long range electrostatic cutoff
rvdw = 1.0 ;Long range van der Waals cutoff
constraints = none ;Bond types to replace by constraints
pbc = no ;Periodic boundary conditions (yes/no)
    
```

Parameters for Energy Minimization in Vacuo

```

; LINES STARTING WITH ; ARE COMMENTS
title = Minimization of Hen Egg White Lysozyme ;Title of run
; Parameters describing what to do
integrator = steep ;Algorithm (steep = steepest decent
minimization)
emtol = 2.0 ;Stop minimization when the maximum force < 2.0 kJ/mol
nstxout = 2000 ;Maximum number of (minimization) steps to perform
; Parameters describing when to stop.
nstenergy = 1 ;Write energies to disk every nstenergy steps
energygrps = ALL ;Which energy group(s) to write to disk
; Parameters describing how to find the neighbors of each atom and how to
; calculate the interactions.
nstlist = 0
ns_type = simple
rlist = 0.0
coulombtype = out-of
rcoulomb = 0.0
rvdw = 0.0
constraints = none ;Bond types to replace by constraints
pbc = no ;Periodic Boundary Conditions (yes/no)
    
```

Minimize a molecule: Running Simulation with GROMACS

grompp makes a run input file

grompp -f parameter_file -c geometry_file -p topology_file -o TPR_file
*.mdp *.gro *.top

mdrun performs a simulation

mdrun -v -s TPR_file (-deffnm name)